



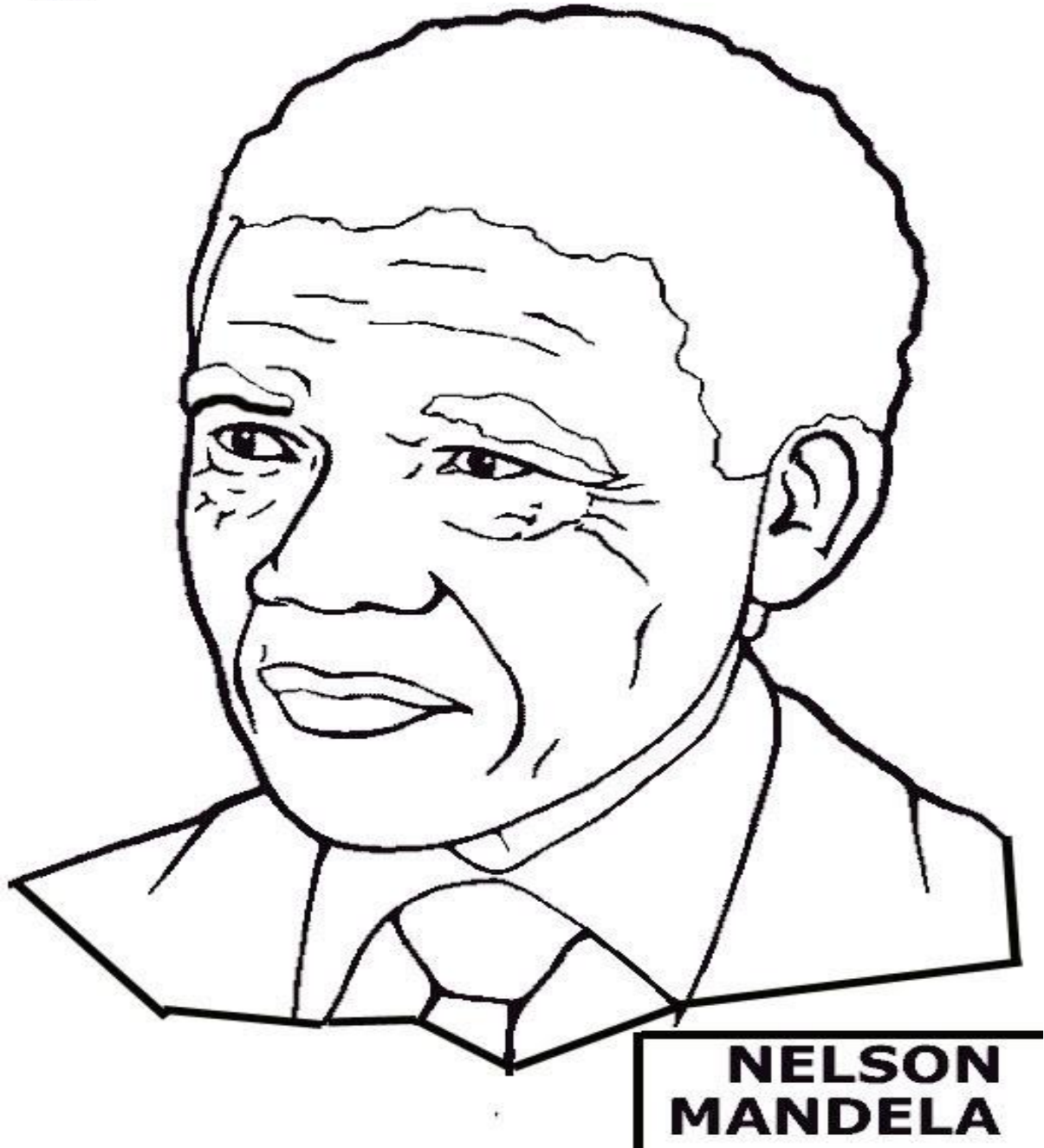
Nelson Mandela Museum

Junior Secondary Activity Book

2017-2018



Name: _____
School: _____
Date: _____



- **Nelson Mandela was born on July 18, 1918 in Mvezo.**
- **Nelson Mandela became the first democratically elected president of South Africa after the elections of 27**

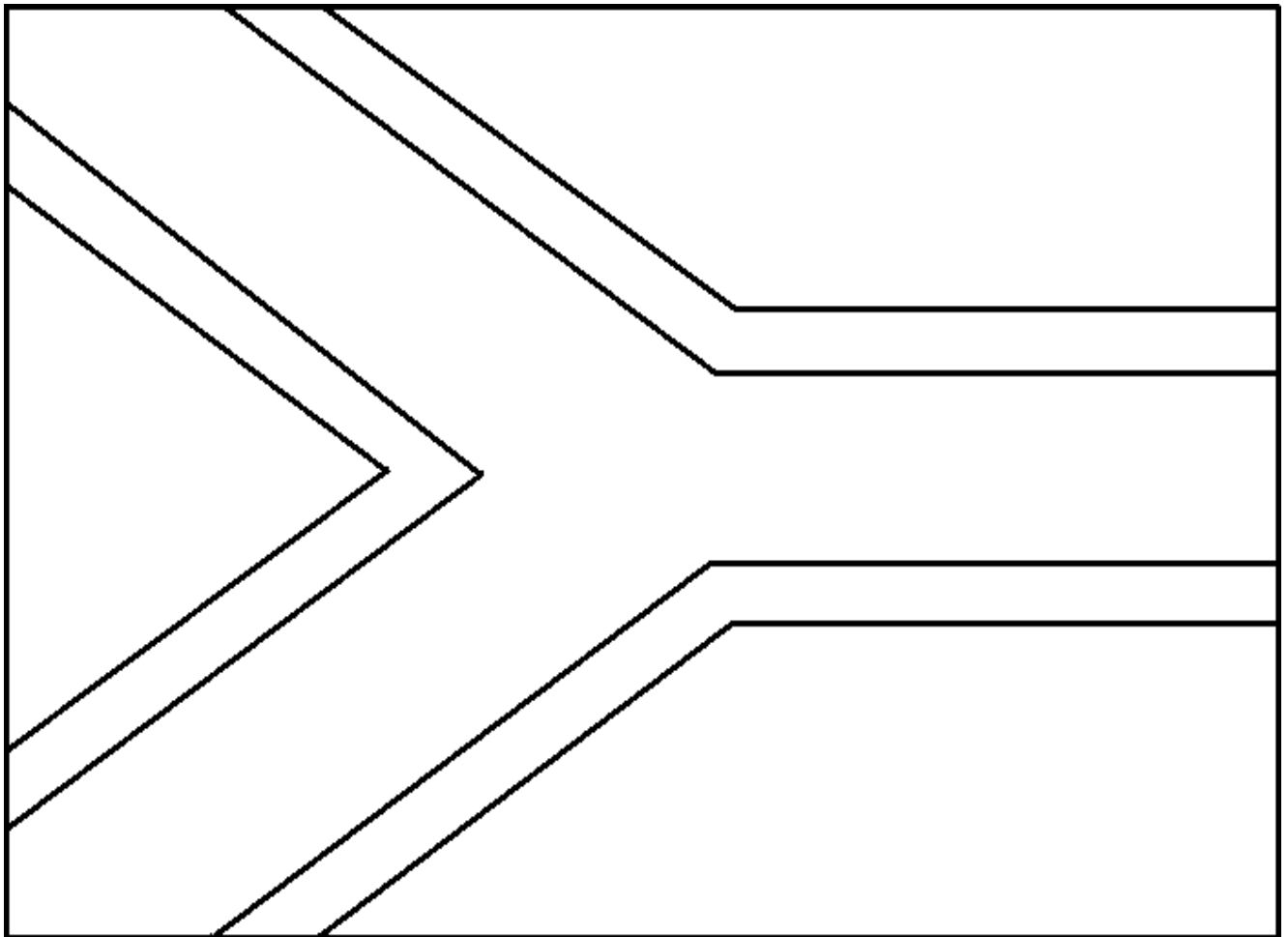


April 1994. He was officially inaugurated on 10 May 1994

- **Nelson Mandela was a world leader.**

SOUTH AFRICAN FLAG

Colour the South African Flag...



The flag with these colours was adopted as the official national flag of the democratic South African State. The colors black, gold, green, red, blue and white represent



the unity of South Africa, the different people and cultures coming together.

MAP OF AFRICA

Where is South Africa? Can you name more countries on the map of Africa?...





Name _____

Date _____

Nelson Mandela's Names

Find the meaning and history of Nelson Mandela's names in the museum and write it in the blank...

Rolihlahla

Mandela

Nelson

Dalibhunga

Madiba



Name _____

Date _____

FACTS ABOUT NELSON MANDELA

Choose the answer in the box below and write it in the blank...

- 1) He wore a pair of his father's _____ to school.
- 2) Nelson ran away to _____ because he didn't want to get married.
- 3) He became the _____ of South Africa.
- 4) Nelson stayed in jail for _____ years.
- 5) Nelson was born in the _____ tribe.
- 6) Nelson was nine when his _____ died.
- 7) He went to live with Chief _____.
- 8) Nelson went to _____ for saying that life was unfair for black people.
- 9) He worked for a _____ firm.
- 10) He helped the government to make _____ laws for black people.
- 11) Black people were not allowed to _____.
- 12) He died when he was _____ years old.

Jongintaba	ninety-five	trousers	President	vote	law	Thembu
twenty-seven	Johannesburg	fair	father	prison		



Name _____

Date _____

Look in the Nelson Mandela Museum Gift Exhibit and answer the questions...

1) Do you like presents?

2) Why do you like presents?

3) Why did people give Nelson Mandela a lot of presents?

4) Which present do you like the most in this room? Can name and draw it?

5) What present would you give Nelson Mandela? Can you name and draw it?

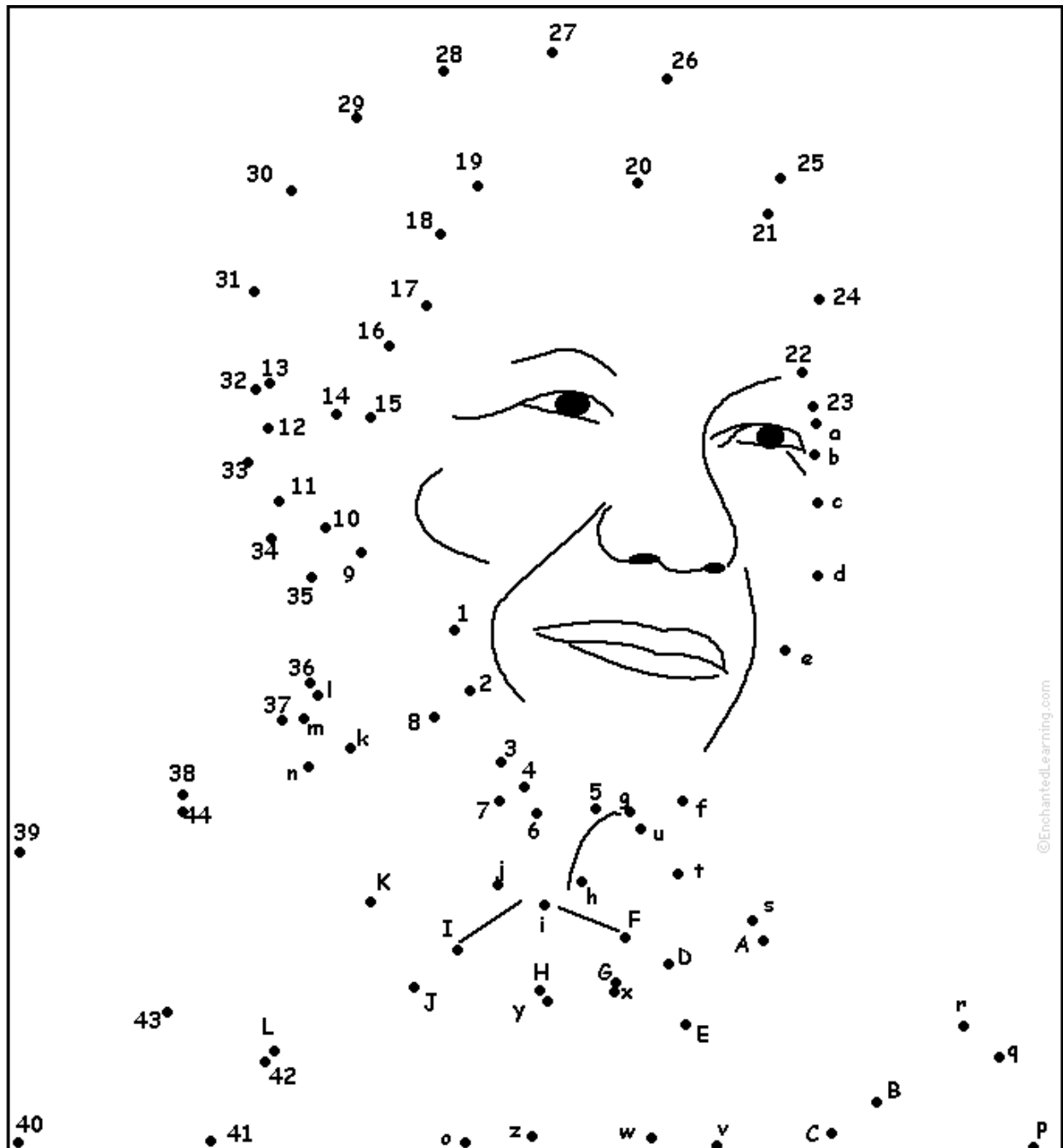
6) What present would you like for someone to give you? Can you name and draw it?

Name _____

Date _____

WHO IS THIS?

Connect The Dots...






Name _____

Date _____

What Sport Is It?

Draw a line from Nelson Mandela image to the correct historical moment...Nelson Mandela was known to use sports as a means to unite and reconcile different racial groups in South Africa and bring about peace in South Africa and the world...

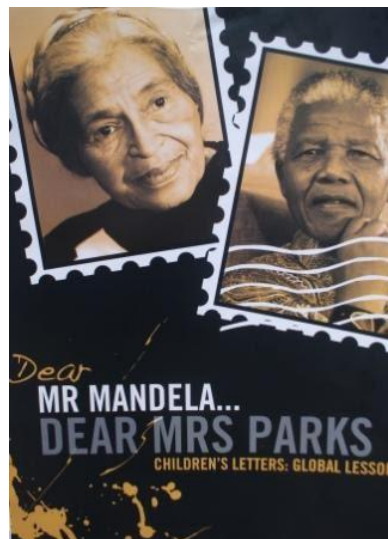
	<p>In 1992 the South African Cricket Team had just been re-admitted back into international cricket, they were not sure if they were going to play in the World Cup. However Nelson Mandela said, "Of course, we must play" ...The South African team went to Australia and won the match.</p>
	<p>The Rugby World Cup in 1995 was the first major sporting event to take place in South Africa following the end of Apartheid with the Springboks team. It was also the first World Cup in which South Africa was allowed to compete. It was a positive sign towards the unity of the people and reconciliation.</p>
	<p>Nelson Mandela learned to box as a student in Healdtown College in Fort Beaufort and he continued to box when he went to Fort Hare University in Alice and later Johannesburg to start his career. The picture displays him boxing with Muhammad Ali, a famous African American boxer and humanitarian.</p>



Name _____
Date _____

Dear Mr. Mandela, Dear Mrs. Parks

Dear Mr. Mandela...Dear Mrs. Parks was a touring exhibit of children letters to Nelson Mandela and Rosa Parks. It highlighted Nelson Mandela and Rosa Parks' devotion to freedom, democracy and emancipation. The exhibition raises greater public understanding of the parallels in the struggles for equality and justice in the United States and South Africa through the letters of children.



Rosa Parks and Nelson Mandela shared many values and goals, and both cared deeply about youth. Mandela met Parks in Detroit, Michigan, in 1990 when Mr. Mandela toured the United States after his release from prison. On December 1, 1955, in Montgomery, Alabama, Parks refused to obey bus driver James F. Blake's order to give up her seat in the "colored section" to a white passenger, after the whites-only section was filled. Parks' act of defiance and the Montgomery bus boycott became important symbols of the modern Civil Rights Movement. She became an international icon of resistance to racial segregation, similar to Nelson Mandela. Write a letter to Nelson Mandela or Rosa Parks to say or ask anything about their influence as world leaders.





Name _____

Date _____

Nelson Mandela's Childhood

Fill In The Blank Based on The Character Exhibit at the Nelson Mandela Museum...

- 1) Mandela's father, Gadla Henry Mphakanyiswa Mandela, was the chief of _____.
- 2) Mandela's mother, Nosekeni Fanny was his father's _____.
- 3) My father possessed a proud _____ a stubborn sense _____ of that I recognized in myself. He was asserting his _____ prerogative as a chief and was challenging the authority of the white magistrate.
- 4) In those days, black children were given white names at school because it was more _____. My teacher called me _____.
- 5) In the 1920s, Qunu's population, like so many other rural communities in South Africa was disfigured by the system of _____.
- 6) Mandela remembered Qunu as a village of mainly _____.
- 7) In the absence of so many men, women shared their domestic burdens

_____.
- 8) This interdependence encouraged a spirit of humanism, or _____ - a concern for the well-being of others.
- 9) When Mandela was growing up _____ was immensely popular with boys and young men.
- 10) "I learnt that to _____ another person is to make him suffer an unnecessary cruel fate. Even as a boy, I defeated my opponents without _____ them".
- 11) When he was _____ Mandela attended _____ school with Justice.
- 12) After his initiation ceremony, Mandela was sent to _____ a famous mission school founded by the Thembu King in the 19th century.
- 13) He also took up _____, which became a lifelong passion.
- 14) Mandela passed his matric exams at Healdtown and was accepted for a BA degree at _____ in the town of Alice in the Eastern Cape.
- 15) At Fort Hare, Mandela was exposed to a _____ and his _____ broadened.



Name _____

Date _____

NELSON MANDELA

Write an acrostic poem based on Nelson Mandela name...

N _____

E _____

L _____

S _____

O _____

N _____

M _____

A _____

N _____

D _____

E _____

L _____

A _____



Name _____

Date _____

Do you remember the Time?

Match the event in Nelson Mandela's life to the correct date...

Event	Date
Nelson Mandela's Birth	1940
Nelson Mandela was banned for six months under the Riotus Assemblies Act	July 18, 1918
He was inaugurated as president of South Africa	April 27, 1994
He was released from prison	February 11, 1990
Nelson Mandela was arrested near Howick in KwaZulu-Natal	December 10, 1951
The first Democratic Election	May 10, 1994
He ran away from Mqhekezweni while still attending Fort Hare to go to Johannesburg to escape an arranged marriage	August 5, 1962
Nelson Mandela goes to initiation school	June-July 2010
South Africa is the first African country to hosts the World Cup for soccer	June 12, 1964
Nelson Mandela is sentenced to life in prison	1934
The United Democratic Front was launched	1980
The Free Mandela Campaign started	1983
Nelson Mandela and Or Tambo opened the first black law firm in Johannesburg	August 1952



Draw or write your own picture story about Mr. Mandela. You can use these Nelson Mandela Museum headings or make up your own:

- ***Character, Comrade, Leader, Prisoner, Negotiator, Statesmen***



MORE FACTS ABOUT MANDELA

1. In which year was Mr. Mandela born?

19-----

2. How long was he in prison?

-----Years.

3. How do you spell his first name?

N-----

4. What was his favourite sport?

5. What year did he leave prison?

19-----

6. What year did he become president?

19-----

7. Where did he grow up?



8. Why was he in prison?

9. Where was the prison?

10. Name one of his friends.

11. Who did he marry while he was president?.....

12. Nelson Mandela was the first person in his family to go to -----

13. Mandela's father a firm believer in ----- ways.

14. Mandela was born to a people that were not -----.

15. His father had -----wives and -----children.

16. ----- teachers contributed to building Mandela's character by setting high standards of -----.

17. Believed that to harbor grievances lessened one's own -----.



18. The given to him by his father was the first pair of he ever owned.

 19. He remembered Qunu as a village mainly of and

 20. Realized that he had to make his way on the basis of his rather than on his

 21. Epic tales of colonial dispossession and valiant resistance told by elders fired Mandela's im..... and began to gain a wider understanding of his r..... and i.....

 22. At Fort Hare, Mandela was exposed to a wider and his political horizon
-